



**NAMIBIA UNIVERSITY
OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY**

FACULTY OF HEALTH AND APPLIED SCIENCES

DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL AND APPLIED SCIENCES

QUALIFICATION : BACHELOR OF SCIENCE HONOURS	
QUALIFICATION CODE: 08BOSH	LEVEL: 8
COURSE: ENVIRONMENT PHYSICS	COURSE CODE: ENP811S
SESSION: JUNE 2019	PAPER: THEORY
DURATION: 3 HOURS	MARKS: 100

FIRST OPPORTUNITY EXAMINATION QUESTION PAPER	
EXAMINER(S)	Dr Sylvanus A. Onjefu
MODERATOR:	Dr Shobo A. Babajide

INSTRUCTIONS
1. Answer ALL the questions. 2. Write clearly and neatly. 3. Number the answers clearly.

PERMISSIBLE MATERIALS
Non-programmable Calculator

ATTACHMENT
None

THIS QUESTION PAPER CONSISTS OF 3 PAGES
(Including this front page)

QUESTION 1 [23]

- 1.1 Explain how scientific assessment and risk analysis can be used to solve environmental problems. (8)
- 1.2 Describe how political action can help in addressing environmental challenges in a community. (3)
- 1.3 Briefly discuss the Coriolis effect. (4)
- 1.4 Differentiate between Weather and Climate. (4)
- 1.5 Discuss how the sun is the primary determinant of climate. (4)

QUESTION 2 [22]

- 2.1 Explain the climate zone of a high elevation. (4)
- 2.2 What layer of the atmosphere is characterised by steady wind but no turbulence? And why is the layer critical to life on Earth's surface? (5)
- 2.3 How does temperature affect atmospheric circulation. (5)
- 2.4 Explain the term EL Nino-Southern Oscillation (ENSO). (3)
- 2.5 What is a tornado? And how are tornadoes formed? (5)

QUESTION 3 [22]

- 3.1 Explain the term radioactivity. (3)
- 3.2 Analyse Low-level radioactive wastes and High-level radioactive wastes and give two examples each. (8)
- 3.3 Why is decommissioning nuclear power plants such a major task? (5)
- 3.4 **Uranium decay energy release:** Calculate the disintegration energy when $^{232}_{92}\text{U}$ (mass = 232.037146 u) decays to $^{228}_{90}\text{Th}$ (228.028731 u) with the emission of an α – particle. (Note: masses are for neutral atoms). [Take mass of $^4_2\text{He} = 4.002603 \text{ u}$] [Also, $1 \text{ u} = 931.5 \text{ MeV}$]. (6)

QUESTION 4

[33]

- 4.1 Differentiate between the three Classes of air pollutant and give two example each. (9)
- 4.2 What is meant by Smog? What are the two types of Smog? (4)
- 4.3 Discuss the cause and effects of two types of Smog. (9)
- 4.4 What do you understand by the term plume as used in environmental science? (3)
- 4.5 Explain two uses of visible smoke plume behaviours. (4)
- 4.6 Explain and Illustrate with the aid of a neat diagram how atmospheric condition give rise to a fanning plume. (4)

END